DTC	P2401	Evaporative Emission Leak Detection Pump Stuck OFF
DTC	P2402	Evaporative Emission Leak Detection Pump Stuck ON

DTC SUMMARY

	DTC No.	Monitoring Item	Malfunction Detection Condition	Trouble Area	Detection Timing	Detection Logic
S	P2401	Leak detection pump stuck OFF	 P043E, P043F, P2401, P2402 and P2419 are present when one of the following conditions is met during key-off EVAP monitor: EVAP monitor: EVAP pressure just after reference pressure measurement greater than -1 kPa-g (755 mmHg-a) Reference pressure less than -4.85 kPa-g (726 mmHg-a) Reference pressure greater than -1 kPa-g (755 mmHg-a) Reference pressure greater than -1 kPa-g (755 mmHg-a) Reference pressure is not saturated Reference pressure is not saturated Reference pressure difference between first and second is 0.7 kPa-g (5 mmHg-g) or more HINT: These values are typical 	 Canister pump module (reference orifice, leak detection pump, vent valve) Connector/wire harness (canister pump module - ECM) EVAP system hose (pipe from air inlet port to canister pump module, canister filter, fuel tank vent hose) ECM 	Ignition switch OFF	2 trip

DTC No.	Monitoring Item	Malfunction Detection Condition	Trouble Area	Detection Timing	Detection Logic
P2402	Leak detection pump stuck ON	 P043E, P043F, P2401, P2402 and P2419 are present when one of the following conditions is met during key-off EVAP monitor: EVAP pressure just after reference pressure than -1 kPa-g (755 mmHg-a) Reference pressure less than -4.85 kPa-g (726 mmHg-a) Reference pressure greater than -1 kPa-g (755 mmHg-a) Reference pressure greater than -1 kPa-g (755 mmHg-a) Reference pressure is not saturated Reference pressure difference between first and second is 0.7 kPa-g (5 mmHg-g) or more HINT: These values are typical 	 Canister pump module (reference orifice, leak detection pump, vent valve) Connector/wire harness (canister pump module - ECM) EVAP system hose (pipe from air inlet port to canister pump module, canister filter, fuel tank vent hose) ECM 	Ignition switch OFF	2 trip

DESCRIPTION

The circuit description can be found in the Evaporative Emission (EVAP) system (see page ES-272).

Refer to the EVAP system (see page ES-272).

MONITOR DESCRIPTION

5 hours* after the ignition switch is turned OFF, the leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) in the EVAP system. The ECM monitors for leaks and actuator malfunctions based on the EVAP pressure.

HINT:

*: If the engine coolant temperature is not below 35°C (95°F) 5 hours after the ignition switch is turned OFF, the monitor check starts 2 hours later. If it is still not below 35°C (95°F) 7 hours after the ignition switch is turned OFF, the monitor check starts 2.5 hours later.

Sequence	Operation	Description	Duration
-	ECM activation	Activated by soak timer 5, 7 or 9.5 hours after ignition switch OFF.	-

ES

	Sequence	Operation	Description	Duration
	A	Atmospheric pressure measurement	Vent valve turned OFF (vent) and EVAP system pressure measured by ECM in order to register atmospheric pressure. If pressure in EVAP system not between 70 kPa and 110 kPa (525 mmHg and 825 mmHg), ECM cancels EVAP system monitor.	10 seconds
ES	В	First 0.02 inch leak criterion measurement	In order to determine 0.02 inch leak criterion, leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) through reference orifice and then ECM checks if leak detection pump and vent valve operate normally.	60 seconds
	С	EVAP system pressure measurement	Vent valve turned ON (closed) to shut EVAP system. Negative pressure (vacuum) created in EVAP system, and EVAP system pressure then measured. Write down measured value as it will be used in leak check. If EVAP pressure does not stabilize within 900 seconds, ECM cancels EVAP system monitor.	900 seconds*
	D	Purge VSV monitor	Purge VSV opened and then EVAP system pressure measured by ECM. Large increase indicates normal.	10 seconds
	E	Second 0.02 inch leak criterion measurement	After second 0.02 inch leak criterion measurement, leak check performed by comparing first and second 0.02 inch leak criterion. If stabilized system pressure higher than second 0.02 inch leak criterion, ECM determines that EVAP system leaking.	60 seconds
	F	Final check	Atmospheric pressure measured and then monitoring result recorded by ECM.	-

*: If only a small amount of fuel is in the fuel tank, it takes longer for the EVAP pressure to stabilize.



- 1. P2401: Leak detection pump stuck OFF
 - In operation B, the leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) through the reference orifice. The EVAP system pressure is then measured by the ECM using the canister pressure sensor to determine the 0.02 inch leak criterion. If the pressure is higher than -1.06 kPa (-7.95 mmHg)* or lower than -4.85kPa (-36.38 mmHg)*, the ECM interprets this as the leak detection pump being stuck OFF (not operating). The ECM then illuminates the MIL and sets the DTC (2 trip detection logic). *: The threshold varies according to the atmospheric pressure measured in operation A. The values described above are based on an atmospheric pressure of 100 kPa (750.1 mmHg): absolute pressure.



2. P2402: Leak detection pump stuck ON

In operation B, the leak detection pump creates negative pressure (vacuum) through the reference orifice. The EVAP system pressure is then measured by the ECM using the canister pressure sensor to determine the 0.02 inch leak criterion. If the pressure is higher than -1.06 kPa (-7.95 mmHg)* or lower than -4.85 kPa (-36.38 mmHg)*, the ECM interprets this as the leak detection pump being stuck ON (operating all the time). The ECM illuminates the MIL and sets the DTC (2 trip detection logic). *: The threshold varies according to the atmospheric pressure measured in operation A. The values described above are based on an atmospheric pressure of 100 kPa (750.1 mmHg): absolute pressure.



HINT:

The detection logic of DTCs P2401 and P2402 is the same because in both cases the 0.02 inch leak criterion measured in operation B is compared to the atmospheric pressure registered in operation A. The ECM calculates the difference between these pressures by deducting [the 0.02 inch leak criterion] from [the stored atmospheric pressure], and uses this to monitor the EVAP system pressure change.

MONITOR STRATEGY

Required Sensors/Components	Purge VSV and canister pump module
Frequency of Operation	Once per driving cycle
Duration	Within 2 minutes
MIL Operation	2 driving cycles
Sequence of Operation	None

TYPICAL ENABLING CONDITIONS

Enabling conditions of EVAP key-OFF monitor		
P043E (Reference orifice - low flow)		
P043F (Reference orifice - high flow)		
P0441 (Purge VSV - stuck open)		
P0441 (Purge VSV - stuck closed)		
P0451 (Canister pressure sensor - noise)		
P0455 (EVAP gross leak)		
P0456 (EVAP 0.02 inch leak)		
P2401 (Leak detection pump - stuck OFF)		
P2402 (Leak detection pump - stuck ON)		
P2419 (Vent valve - stuck ON)		
P2420 (Vent valve - stuck OFF)		
Atmospheric pressure	70 to 110 kPa (525 to 825 mmHg)	

ES

1NZ-FE ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM - SFI SYSTEM

Battery voltage	10.5 V or higher
Vehicle speed	4 km/h (2.5 mph) or less
Ignition switch	OFF
Time after key off	5 or 7 or 9.5 hours
Canister pressure sensor malfunction (P0450, P0452, P0453)	Not detected
Purge VSV	Not operated by scan tool
Vent valve	Not operated by scan tool
Leak detection pump	Not operated by scan tool
Both of the following conditions 1 and 2 are met before key off	-
1. Duration that vehicle has been driven	5 minutes or more
2. EVAP purge operation	Performed
ECT	4.4 to 35°C (40 to 95°F)
IAT	4.4 to 35°C (40 to 95°F)

1. Key-off monitor sequence 1 to 8

1. Atmospheric pressure measurement

Next sequence is run if the following condition is met	-
Atmospheric pressure change	Within 0.3 kPa (2.25 mmHg) in 1 second

2. First reference pressure measurement

Next sequence is run if the following conditions are met	-
EVAP pressure just after reference pressure measurement start	-1 kPa (-7.5 mmHg) or lower
Reference pressure	-4.85 to -1.05 kPa (726 to 754 mmHg)
Reference pressure	Saturated

3. Vent valve stuck closed check

Next sequence is run if the following condition is met	-
EVAP pressure change after vent valve is ON	0.3 kPa (2.25 mmHg) or more

4. Vacuum introduction

Next sequence is run if the following condition is met	-
EVAP pressure	Saturated within 900 seconds

5. Purge VSV stuck closed check

Next sequence is run if the following condition is met	-
EVAP pressure change after purge VSV is open	0.3 kPa (2.25 mmHg) or more

6. Second reference pressure measurement

Next sequence is run if the following conditions are met	-
EVAP pressure just after reference pressure measurement	-1 kPa (-7.5 mmHg) or lower
Reference pressure	-4.85 to -1.05 kPa (726 to 754 mmHg)
Reference pressure	Saturated
Reference pressure difference between first and second	Less than 0.7 kPa (5.25 mmHg)

7. Leak check

Next sequence is run if the following condition is met	-
EVAP pressure when vacuum introduction is complete	Lower than second reference pressure

8. Atmospheric pressure measurement

EVAP monitor is complete if the following condition is met	-
Atmospheric pressure difference between sequence 1 and 8	Within 0.3 kPa (2.25 mmHg)

TYPICAL MALFUNCTION THRESHOLDS

"Saturated" indicates that the EVAP pressure change is less than 0.1 kPa (0.75 mmHg) in 30 seconds.

One of following conditions met	-
FTP when just after reference pressure measurement began	-1 kPa (755 mmHg) or higher
Reference pressure	Less than -4.85 kPa (726 mmHg)
Reference pressure	-1.05 kPa (754 mmHg) or higher
Reference pressure	Not saturated
Reference pressure difference between first and second	0.7 kPa (5.25 mmHg) or more

MONITOR RESULT

Refer to CHECKING MONITOR STATUS (see page ES-19).